

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

SRULY SCHORR
on behalf of himself and
all other similarly situated consumers

Plaintiff,

-against-

ENHANCED RECOVERY COMPANY, LLC

Defendant.

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Introduction

1. Plaintiff Sruly Schorr seeks redress for the illegal practices of Enhanced Recovery Company, LLC concerning the collection of debts, in violation of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1692, et seq. (“FDCPA”).

Parties

2. Plaintiff is citizen of the State of New York who resides within this District.
3. Plaintiff is consumer as that term is defined by Section 1692(a)(3) of the FDCPA, in that the alleged debt that Defendant sought to collect from Plaintiff a consumer debt.
4. Upon information and belief, Defendant’s principal place of business is located in Jacksonville, Florida.
5. Defendant is regularly engaged, for profit, in the collection of debts allegedly owed by consumers.

6. Defendant is a “debt collector” as that term is defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692(a)(6).

Jurisdiction and Venue

7. This Court has federal question jurisdiction under 15 U.S.C. § 1692k(d) and 28 U.S.C. § 1331.
8. Venue is proper in this district pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b), as the acts and transactions that give rise to this action occurred, in substantial part, in this district.

Allegations Particular to Sruly Schorr

9. Upon information and belief, on a date better known by Defendant, Defendant began to attempt to collect an alleged consumer debt from the Plaintiff.
10. Within the one year immediately preceding this action, the Defendant left many prerecorded messages on the Plaintiff's answering machine on numerous occasions.
11. The callers failed to identify themselves as debt collectors attempting to collect a debt.
12. Upon information and belief, the said prerecorded messages were pre-scripted.
13. Defendant has engaged in a pattern of leaving prerecorded messages without disclosing that the communication is from a debt collector.
14. Defendant designed these prerecorded messages specifically with the intention of remaining anonymous, or in the alternative, the Defendant uses a defective auto dialer and faulty prerecorded message which is in violation of 1692e(11).
15. In any event, the Defendant's prerecorded message, when left on an answering machine, does not properly convey the statutory required disclosures.¹

¹ See. Yarbrough v. FMS, Inc., 2010 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 123459, 2010 WL 4826247 (S.D. Fla. Nov. 22, 2010). (Plaintiff alleged that she received a prerecorded dialer message stating: "To speak to a representative regarding this call, please press 1. If you are not interested in speaking with a representative, we will disconnect at this time". The defendant filed a Motion to Dismiss taking the position that the messages do not violate any law because they are not communications as defined by the FDCPA. The court denied *Foti* and denied the motion to dismiss holding that the messages are "communications." subject to the FCPA), Berg v. Merchants Ass'n Collection Div., Inc., 586 F. Supp. 2d

16. The said prerecorded telephone messages are in violation of 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692d(6), 1692e, 1692e(10) and 1692e(11) for failing to indicate that the messages were from a debt collector and for not meaningfully disclosing the caller's identity which constitutes a deceptive practice.

AS AND FOR A FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

Violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act brought by Plaintiff on behalf of himself and the members of a class, as against the Defendant.

17. Plaintiff re-states, re-alleges, and incorporates herein by reference, paragraphs one (1) through sixteen (16) as if set forth fully in this cause of action.
18. This cause of action is brought on behalf of Plaintiff and the members of a class.
19. The class consists of all persons whom Defendant's records reflect resided in New York who received prerecorded telephonic messages from Defendant within one year prior to the date of the within complaint up to the date of the filing of the complaint; (a) the prerecorded telephone messages were placed without setting forth that the communication was from a debt collector; and (b) without meaningful disclosure of the caller's identity; and (c) the Plaintiff asserts that the prerecorded telephone messages were in violation of 15 U.S.C. §§ 1692d(6), 1692e, 1692e(10) and 1692e(11).
20. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23, a class action is appropriate and preferable in this case because:
 - A. Based on the fact that form prerecorded telephonic messages are at the heart of this litigation, the class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.

1336 - Dist. Court, (SD Florida 2008). (Adopting *Foti* and finding that debt collectors who use automated messages do so at the peril of violating the FDCPA, either by not leaving enough information for the debtor in violation of §§ 1692d(6) and 1692e(11), or by leaving too much information for a possible third party in violation of § 1692c(b). and holding that Debt collectors have no entitlement to use automated messages to reach debtors, and courts have no obligation to harmonize different provisions of the FDCPA so that debt collectors may use an inherently risky method of communication.) (emphasis added)

B. There are questions of law and fact common to the class and these questions predominate over any questions affecting only individual class members. The principal question presented by this claim is whether the Defendant violated the FDCPA.

C. The only individual issue is the identification of the consumers who received such prerecorded telephonic messages, (*i.e.* the class members), a matter capable of ministerial determination from the records of the Defendant.

D. The claims of the Plaintiff are typical of those of the class members. All are based on the same facts and legal theories.

E. The Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the class members' interests. The Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in bringing class actions and collection-abuse claims. The Plaintiff's interests are consistent with those of the members of the class.

21. A class action is superior for the fair and efficient adjudication of the class members' claims. Congress specifically envisions class actions as a principal means of enforcing the FDCPA. 15 U.S.C. § 1692(k). The members of the class are generally unsophisticated individuals, whose rights will not be vindicated in the absence of a class action. Prosecution of separate actions by individual members of the classes would create the risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications resulting in the establishment of inconsistent or varying standards for the parties and would not be in the interest of judicial economy.

22. If the facts are discovered to be appropriate, the Plaintiff will seek to certify a class pursuant to Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

23. Collection attempts, such as those made by the Defendant are to be evaluated by the objective standard of the hypothetical “least sophisticated consumer.”

Violations of the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act

24. The Defendant's actions as set forth above in the within complaint violates the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.
25. Because the Defendant violated the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, the Plaintiff and the members of the class are entitled to damages in accordance with the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act.

WHEREFORE, Plaintiff, respectfully requests preliminary and permanent injunctive relief, and that this Court enter judgment in his favor and against the Defendant and award damages as follows:

- (a) Statutory and actual damages provided under the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. § 1692(k);
- (b) Attorney fees, litigation expenses and costs incurred in bringing this action; and
- (c) Any other relief that this Court deems appropriate and just under the circumstances.

Dated: Cedarhurst, New York
November 6, 2015

/s/ Adam J. Fishbein
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Plaintiff requests trial by jury on all issues so triable.

/s/ Adam J. Fishbein
Adam J. Fishbein (AF-9508)